TITLE I—UNITED STATES AND INDIA NUCLEAR COOPERATION

3 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

4 This title may be cited as the "Henry J. Hyde United
5 States-India Peaceful Atomic Energy Cooperation Act of
6 2006".

7 SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

8 It is the sense of Congress that—

9 (1) preventing the proliferation of nuclear 10 weapons, other weapons of mass destruction, the 11 means to produce them, and the means to deliver 12 them are critical objectives for United States foreign 13 policy;

(2) sustaining the Nuclear Non-Proliferation
Treaty (NPT) and strengthening its implementation,
particularly its verification and compliance, is the
keystone of United States nonproliferation policy;

(3) the NPT has been a significant success in
preventing the acquisition of nuclear weapons capabilities and maintaining a stable international security situation;

(4) countries that have never become a party tothe NPT and remain outside that treaty's legal re-

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gime pose a potential challenge to the achievement
 of the overall goals of global nonproliferation, be cause those countries have not undertaken the NPT
 obligation to prohibit the spread of nuclear weapons
 capabilities;

6 (5) it is in the interest of the United States to 7 the fullest extent possible to ensure that those coun-8 tries that are not States Party to the NPT are re-9 sponsible in the disposition of any nuclear tech-10 nology they develop;

(6) it is in the interest of the United States to
enter into an agreement for nuclear cooperation arranged pursuant to section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) with a country
that has never been a State Party to the NPT if—

16 (A) the country has demonstrated respon17 sible behavior with respect to the nonprolifera18 tion of technology related to nuclear weapons
19 and the means to deliver them;

20 (B) the country has a functioning and un21 interrupted democratic system of government,
22 has a foreign policy that is congruent to that of
23 the United States, and is working with the
24 United States on key foreign policy initiatives
25 related to nonproliferation;

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(C) such cooperation induces the country to promulgate and implement substantially improved protections against the proliferation of technology related to nuclear weapons and the means to deliver them, and to refrain from actions that would further the development of its nuclear weapons program; and

8 (D) such cooperation will induce the coun-9 try to give greater political and material sup-10 port to the achievement of United States global 11 and regional nonproliferation objectives, espe-12 cially with respect to dissuading, isolating, and, 13 if necessary, sanctioning and containing states 14 that sponsor terrorism and terrorist groups that 15 are seeking to acquire a nuclear weapons capa-16 bility or other weapons of mass destruction ca-17 pability and the means to deliver such weapons; 18 (7) the United States should continue its policy 19 of engagement, collaboration, and exchanges with 20 and between India and Pakistan;

(8) strong bilateral relations with India are in
the national interest of the United States;

(9) the United States and India share common
democratic values and the potential for increasing
and sustained economic engagement;

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1 (10) commerce in civil nuclear energy with 2 India by the United States and other countries has 3 the potential to benefit the people of all countries; 4 (11) such commerce also represents a signifi-5 cant change in United States policy regarding com-6 merce with countries that are not States Party to 7 the NPT, which remains the foundation of the inter-8 national nonproliferation regime; 9 (12) any commerce in civil nuclear energy with

India by the United States and other countries must he achieved in a manner that minimizes the risk of nuclear proliferation or regional arms races and maximizes India's adherence to international nonproliferation regimes, including, in particular, the guidelines of the Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG); and

(13) the United States should not seek to facilitate or encourage the continuation of nuclear exports to India by any other party if such exports are
terminated under United States law.

21 SEC. 103. STATEMENTS OF POLICY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The following shall be the policiesof the United States:

(1) Oppose the development of a capability to
 produce nuclear weapons by any non-nuclear weapon
 state, within or outside of the NPT.

4 (2) Encourage States Party to the NPT to in-5 terpret the right to "develop research, production 6 and use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes", as 7 set forth in Article IV of the NPT, as being a right 8 that applies only to the extent that it is consistent 9 with the object and purpose of the NPT to prevent 10 the spread of nuclear weapons and nuclear weapons 11 capabilities, including by refraining from all nuclear 12 cooperation with any State Party that the Inter-13 national Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) determines 14 is not in full compliance with its NPT obligations, 15 including its safeguards obligations.

16 (3) Act in a manner fully consistent with the
17 Guidelines for Nuclear Transfers and the Guidelines
18 for Transfers of Nuclear-Related Dual-Use Equip19 ment, Materials, Software and Related Technology
20 developed by the NSG, and decisions related to the
21 those guidelines, and the rules and practices regard22 ing NSG decisionmaking.

(4) Strengthen the NSG guidelines and decisions concerning consultation by members regarding
violations of supplier and recipient understandings

by instituting the practice of a timely and coordinated response by NSG members to all such violations, including termination of nuclear transfers to an involved recipient, that discourages individual NSG members from continuing cooperation with such recipient until such time as a consensus regarding a coordinated response has been achieved.

8 (5) Given the special sensitivity of equipment 9 and technologies related to the enrichment of ura-10 nium, the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, and the 11 production of heavy water, work with members of 12 the NSG, individually and collectively, to further re-13 strict the transfers of such equipment and tech-14 nologies, including to India.

(6) Seek to prevent the transfer to a country of
nuclear equipment, materials, or technology from
other participating governments in the NSG or from
any other source if nuclear transfers to that country
are suspended or terminated pursuant to this title,
the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et
seq.), or any other United States law.

(b) WITH RESPECT TO SOUTH ASIA.—The following
shall be the policies of the United States with respect to
South Asia:

1	(1) Achieve, at the earliest possible date, a mor-
2	atorium on the production of fissile material for nu-
3	clear explosive purposes by India, Pakistan, and the
4	People's Republic of China.
5	(2) Achieve, at the earliest possible date, the
6	conclusion and implementation of a treaty banning
7	the production of fissile material for nuclear weap-
8	ons to which both the United States and India be-
9	come parties.
10	(3) Secure India's—
11	(A) full participation in the Proliferation
12	Security Initiative;
13	(B) formal commitment to the Statement
14	of Interdiction Principles of such Initiative;
15	(C) public announcement of its decision to
16	conform its export control laws, regulations,
17	and policies with the Australia Group and with
18	the Guidelines, Procedures, Criteria, and Con-
19	trol Lists of the Wassenaar Arrangement;
20	(D) demonstration of satisfactory progress
21	toward implementing the decision described in
22	subparagraph (C); and
23	(E) ratification of or accession to the Con-
24	vention on Supplementary Compensation for

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Nuclear Damage,	done at	t Vienna	on September
12, 1997.			

(4) Secure India's full and active participation
in United States efforts to dissuade, isolate, and, if
necessary, sanction and contain Iran for its efforts
to acquire weapons of mass destruction, including a
nuclear weapons capability and the capability to enrich uranium or reprocess nuclear fuel, and the
means to deliver weapons of mass destruction.

10 (5) Seek to halt the increase of nuclear weapon
11 arsenals in South Asia and to promote their reduc12 tion and eventual elimination.

(6) Ensure that spent fuel generated in India's
civilian nuclear power reactors is not transferred to
the United States except pursuant to the Congressional review procedures required under section 131
f. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
2160 (f)).

19 (7) Pending implementation of the multilateral
20 moratorium described in paragraph (1) or the treaty
21 described in paragraph (2), encourage India not to
22 increase its production of fissile material at
23 unsafeguarded nuclear facilities.

24 (8) Ensure that any safeguards agreement or25 Additional Protocol to which India is a party with

the IAEA can reliably safeguard any export or reex port to India of any nuclear materials and equip ment.

4 (9) Ensure that the text and implementation of
5 any agreement for cooperation with India arranged
6 pursuant to section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act
7 of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) meet the requirements set
8 forth in subsections a.(1) and a.(3) through a.(9) of
9 such section.

10 (10) Any nuclear power reactor fuel reserve
11 provided to the Government of India for use in safe12 guarded civilian nuclear facilities should be commen13 surate with reasonable reactor operating require14 ments.

15 SEC. 104. WAIVER AUTHORITY AND CONGRESSIONAL AP16 PROVAL.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—If the President makes the deter-18 mination described in subsection (b), the President may—

(1) exempt a proposed agreement for cooperation with India arranged pursuant to section 123 of
the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153)
from the requirement of subsection a.(2) of such section;

1	(2) waive the application of section 128 of the
2	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2157) with
3	respect to exports to India; and
4	(3) waive with respect to India the application
5	of—
6	(A) section 129 a.(1)(D) of the Atomic En-
7	ergy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. $2158(a)(1)(D)$);
8	and
9	(B) section 129 of such Act (42 U.S.C.
10	2158) regarding any actions that occurred be-
11	fore July 18, 2005.
12	(b) Determination by the President.—The de-
13	termination referred to in subsection (a) is a determina-
14	tion by the President that the following actions have oc-
15	curred:
16	(1) India has provided the United States and
17	the IAEA with a credible plan to separate civil and
18	military nuclear facilities, materials, and programs,
19	and has filed a declaration regarding its civil facili-
20	ties and materials with the IAEA.
21	(2) India and the IAEA have concluded all legal
22	steps required prior to signature by the parties of an
23	agreement requiring the application of IAEA safe-
24	guards in perpetuity in accordance with IAEA
25	standards, principles, and practices (including IAEA

Board of Governors Document GOV/1621 (1973))
 to India's civil nuclear facilities, materials, and pro grams as declared in the plan described in para graph (1), including materials used in or produced
 through the use of India's civil nuclear facilities.

6 (3) India and the IAEA are making substantial 7 progress toward concluding an Additional Protocol 8 consistent with IAEA principles, practices, and poli-9 cies that would apply to India's civil nuclear pro-10 gram.

(4) India is working actively with the United
States for the early conclusion of a multilateral treaty on the cessation of the production of fissile materials for use in nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices.

16 (5) India is working with and supporting
17 United States and international efforts to prevent
18 the spread of enrichment and reprocessing tech19 nology to any state that does not already possess
20 full-scale, functioning enrichment or reprocessing
21 plants.

(6) India is taking the necessary steps to secure
nuclear and other sensitive materials and technology,
including through—

1	(A) the enactment and effective enforce-
2	ment of comprehensive export control legislation
3	and regulations;
4	(B) harmonization of its export control
5	laws, regulations, policies, and practices with
6	the guidelines and practices of the Missile Tech-
7	nology Control Regime (MTCR) and the NSG;
8	and
9	(C) adherence to the MTCR and the NSG
10	in accordance with the procedures of those re-
11	gimes for unilateral adherence.
12	(7) The NSG has decided by consensus to per-
13	mit supply to India of nuclear items covered by the
14	guidelines of the NSG.
15	(c) Submission to Congress.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall submit
17	to the appropriate congressional committees the de-
18	termination made pursuant to subsection (b), to-
19	gether with a report detailing the basis for the deter-
20	mination.
21	(2) INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED.—To the
22	fullest extent available to the United States, the re-
23	port referred to in paragraph (1) shall include the
24	following information:

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(A) A summary of the plan provided by India to the United States and the IAEA to separate India's civil and military nuclear facilities, materials, and programs, and the declaration made by India to the IAEA identifying India's civil facilities to be placed under IAEA safeguards, including an analysis of the credibility of such plan and declaration, together with copies of the plan and declaration.

10 (B) A summary of the agreement that has 11 been entered into between India and the IAEA 12 requiring the application of safeguards in ac-13 cordance with IAEA practices to India's civil 14 nuclear facilities as declared in the plan de-15 scribed in subparagraph (A), together with a 16 copy of the agreement, and a description of the 17 progress toward its full implementation.

18 (C) A summary of the progress made to19 ward conclusion and implementation of an Ad20 ditional Protocol between India and the IAEA,
21 including a description of the scope of such Ad22 ditional Protocol.

(D) A description of the steps that India
is taking to work with the United States for the
conclusion of a multilateral treaty banning the

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production of fissile material for nuclear weapons, including a description of the steps that the United States has taken and will take to encourage India to identify and declare a date by which India would be willing to stop production of fissile material for nuclear weapons unilaterally or pursuant to a multilateral moratorium or treaty.

9 (E) A description of the steps India is tak-10 ing to prevent the spread of nuclear-related 11 technology, including enrichment and reprocess-12 ing technology or materials that can be used to 13 acquire a nuclear weapons capability, as well as 14 the support that India is providing to the 15 United States to further United States objec-16 tives to restrict the spread of such technology.

17 (F) A description of the steps that India is 18 taking to secure materials and technology appli-19 cable for the development, acquisition, or manu-20 facture of weapons of mass destruction and the 21 means to deliver such weapons through the ap-22 plication of comprehensive export control legis-23 lation and regulations, and through harmoni-24 zation with and adherence to MTCR, NSG, 25 Australia Group, and Wassenaar Arrangement

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guidelines, compliance with United Nations Security Council Resolution 1540, and participation in the Proliferation Security Initiative.

4 (G) A description and assessment of the 5 specific measures that India has taken to fully 6 and actively participate in United States and 7 international efforts to dissuade, isolate, and, if 8 necessary, sanction and contain Iran for its ef-9 forts to acquire weapons of mass destruction, 10 including a nuclear weapons capability and the 11 capability to enrich uranium or reprocess nu-12 clear fuel and the means to deliver weapons of 13 mass destruction.

14 (H) A description of the decision of the 15 NSG relating to nuclear cooperation with India, 16 including whether nuclear cooperation by the 17 United States under an agreement for coopera-18 tion arranged pursuant to section 123 of the 19 Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) 20 is consistent with the decision, practices, and 21 policies of the NSG.

(I) A description of the scope of peaceful
cooperation envisioned by the United States
and India that will be implemented under the
agreement for nuclear cooperation, including

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1	whether such cooperation will include the provi-
2	sion of enrichment and reprocessing technology.
3	(J) A description of the steps taken to en-
4	sure that proposed United States civil nuclear
5	cooperation with India will not in any way as-
6	sist India's nuclear weapons program.
7	(d) Restrictions on Nuclear Transfers.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to the obligations
9	of the United States under Article I of the NPT,
10	nothing in this title constitutes authority to carry
11	out any civil nuclear cooperation between the United
12	States and a country that is not a nuclear-weapon
13	State Party to the NPT that would in any way as-
14	sist, encourage, or induce that country to manufac-
15	ture or otherwise acquire nuclear weapons or nuclear
16	explosive devices.
17	(2) NSG TRANSFER GUIDELINES.—Notwith-
18	standing the entry into force of an agreement for co-
19	operation with India arranged pursuant to section
20	123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
21	2153) and pursuant to this title, no item subject to
22	such agreement or subject to the transfer guidelines
23	of the NSG, or to NSG decisions related thereto,
24	may be transferred to India if such transfer would

1	be inconsistent with the transfer guidelines of the
2	NSG in effect on the date of the transfer.
3	(3) TERMINATION OF NUCLEAR TRANSFERS TO
4	INDIA.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the
6	entry into force of an agreement for cooperation
7	with India arranged pursuant to section 123 of
8	the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
9	2153) and pursuant to this title, and except as
10	provided under subparagraph (B), exports of
11	nuclear and nuclear-related material, equip-
12	ment, or technology to India shall be termi-
13	nated if there is any materially significant
14	transfer by an Indian person of—
15	(i) nuclear or nuclear-related material,
16	equipment, or technology that is not con-
17	sistent with NSG guidelines or decisions,
18	or
19	(ii) ballistic missiles or missile-related
20	equipment or technology that is not con-
21	sistent with MTCR guidelines,
22	unless the President determines that cessation
23	of such exports would be seriously prejudicial to
24	the achievement of United States nonprolifera-

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1	tion objectives or otherwise jeopardize the com-
2	mon defense and security.
3	(B) EXCEPTION.—The President may
4	choose not to terminate exports of nuclear and
5	nuclear-related material, equipment, and tech-
6	nology to India under subparagraph (A) if—
7	(i) the transfer covered under such
8	subparagraph was made without the
9	knowledge of the Government of India;
10	(ii) at the time of the transfer, either
11	the Government of India did not own, con-
12	trol, or direct the Indian person that made
13	the transfer or the Indian person that
14	made the transfer is a natural person who
15	acted without the knowledge of any entity
16	described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of
17	section $110(5)$; and
18	(iii) the President certifies to the ap-
19	propriate congressional committees that
20	the Government of India has taken or is
21	taking appropriate judicial or other en-
22	forcement actions against the Indian per-
23	son with respect to such transfer.

1	(4) EXPORTS, REEXPORTS, TRANSFERS, AND
2	RETRANSFERS TO INDIA RELATED TO ENRICHMENT,
3	REPROCESSING, AND HEAVY WATER PRODUCTION.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—
5	(i) NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMIS-
6	SION.—The Nuclear Regulatory Commis-
7	sion may only issue licenses for the export
8	or reexport to India of any equipment,
9	components, or materials related to the en-
10	richment of uranium, the reprocessing of
11	spent nuclear fuel, or the production of
12	heavy water if the requirements of sub-
13	paragraph (B) are met.
14	(ii) Secretary of energy.—The
15	Secretary of Energy may only issue au-
16	thorizations for the transfer or retransfer
17	to India of any equipment, materials, or
18	technology related to the enrichment of
19	uranium, the reprocessing of spent nuclear
20	fuel, or the production of heavy water (in-
21	cluding under the terms of a subsequent
22	arrangement under section 131 of the
23	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
24	2160)) if the requirements of subpara-
25	graph (B) are met.

(B) REQUIREMENTS FOR APPROVALS.—
Exports, reexports, transfers, and retransfers
referred to in subparagraph (A) may only be
approved if—
(i) the end user—
(I) is a multinational facility par-
ticipating in an IAEA-approved pro-
gram to provide alternatives to na-
tional fuel cycle capabilities; or
(II) is a facility participating in,
and the export, reexport, transfer, or
retransfer is associated with, a bilat-
eral or multinational program to de-
velop a proliferation-resistant fuel
cycle;
(ii) appropriate measures are in place
at any facility referred to in clause (i) to
ensure that no sensitive nuclear tech-
nology, as defined in section $4(5)$ of the
Nuclear Nonproliferation Act of 1978 (22
U.S.C. 3203(5)), will be diverted to any
person, site, facility, location, or program
not under IAEA safeguards; and
(iii) the President determines that
the export, reexport, transfer, or retransfer

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1	will not assist in the manufacture or acqui-
2	sition of nuclear explosive devices or the
3	production of fissile material for military
4	purposes.
5	(5) NUCLEAR EXPORT ACCOUNTABILITY PRO-
6	GRAM.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall en-
8	sure that all appropriate measures are taken to
9	maintain accountability with respect to nuclear
10	materials, equipment, and technology sold,
11	leased, exported, or reexported to India so as to
12	ensure—
13	(i) full implementation of the protec-
14	tions required under section 123 a.(1) of
15	the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
16	2153 $(a)(1)$; and
17	(ii) United States compliance with Ar-
18	ticle I of the NPT.
19	(B) Measures.—The measures taken pur-
20	suant to subparagraph (A) shall include the fol-
21	lowing:
22	(i) Obtaining and implementing assur-
23	ances and conditions pursuant to the ex-
24	port licensing authorities of the Nuclear
25	Regulatory Commission and the Depart-

1	ment of Commerce and the authorizing au-
2	thorities of the Department of Energy, in-
3	cluding, as appropriate, conditions regard-
4	ing end-use monitoring.
5	(ii) A detailed system of reporting and
6	accounting for technology transfers, includ-
7	ing any retransfers in India, authorized by
8	the Department of Energy pursuant to
9	section 57 b. of the Atomic Energy Act of
10	1954 (42 U.S.C. 2077(b)). Such system
11	shall be capable of providing assurances
12	that—
13	(I) the identified recipients of the
14	nuclear technology are authorized to
15	receive the nuclear technology;
16	(II) the nuclear technology iden-
17	tified for transfer will be used only for
18	peaceful safeguarded nuclear activities
19	and will not be used for any military
20	or nuclear explosive purpose; and
21	(III) the nuclear technology iden-
22	tified for transfer will not be retrans-
23	ferred without the prior consent of the
24	United States, and facilities, equip-
25	ment, or materials derived through

the use of transferred technology will not be transferred without the prior consent of the United States.
consent of the United States.
(iii) In the event the IAEA is unable
to implement safeguards as required by an
agreement for cooperation arranged pursu-
ant to section 123 of the Atomic Energy
Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153), appropriate
assurance that arrangements will be put in
place expeditiously that are consistent with
the requirements of section 123 a.(1) of
such Act (42 U.S.C. 2153(a)(1)) regarding
the maintenance of safeguards as set forth
in the agreement regardless of whether the
agreement is terminated or suspended for
any reason.
(C) IMPLEMENTATION.—The measures de-
scribed in subparagraph (B) shall be imple-
mented to provide reasonable assurances that
the recipient is complying with the relevant re-
quirements, terms, and conditions of any li-
censes issued by the United States regarding
such exports, including those relating to the
use, retransfer, safe handling, secure transit,
and storage of such exports.

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(e) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL REQUIRE MENT.—Section 123 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954
 (42 U.S.C. 2153(d)) is amended in the second proviso by
 inserting after "that subsection" the following: ", or an
 agreement exempted pursuant to section 104(a)(1) of the
 Henry J. Hyde United States-India Peaceful Atomic En ergy Cooperation Act of 2006,".

8 (f) SUNSET.—The authority provided under sub-9 section (a)(1) to exempt an agreement shall terminate 10 upon the enactment of a joint resolution under section 123 11 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153(d)) 12 approving such an agreement.

13 (g) Reporting to Congress.—

(1) INFORMATION ON NUCLEAR ACTIVITIES OF
INDIA.—The President shall keep the appropriate
congressional committees fully and currently informed of the facts and implications of any significant nuclear activities of India, including—

- 19 (A) any material noncompliance on the20 part of the Government of India with—
- (i) the nonproliferation commitments
 undertaken in the Joint Statement of July
 18, 2005, between the President of the
 United States and the Prime Minister of
 India;

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1	(ii) the separation plan presented in
2	the national parliament of India on March
3	7, 2006, and in greater detail on May 11,
4	2006;
5	(iii) a safeguards agreement between
6	the Government of India and the IAEA;
7	(iv) an Additional Protocol between
8	the Government of India and the IAEA;
9	(v) an agreement for cooperation be-
10	tween the Government of India and the
11	United States Government arranged pur-
12	suant to section 123 of the Atomic Energy
13	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) or any sub-
14	sequent arrangement under section 131 of
15	such Act (42 U.S.C. 2160);
16	(vi) the terms and conditions of any
17	approved licenses regarding the export or
18	reexport of nuclear material or dual-use
19	material, equipment, or technology; and
20	(vii) United States laws and regula-
21	tions regarding such licenses;
22	(B) the construction of a nuclear facility in
23	India after the date of the enactment of this
24	title;

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1	(C) significant changes in the production
2	by India of nuclear weapons or in the types or
3	amounts of fissile material produced; and
4	(D) changes in the purpose or operational
5	status of any unsafeguarded nuclear fuel cycle
6	activities in India.
7	(2) Implementation and compliance re-
8	PORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date on
9	which an agreement for cooperation with India ar-
10	ranged pursuant to section 123 of the Atomic En-
11	ergy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) enters into force,
12	and annually thereafter, the President shall submit
13	to the appropriate congressional committees a report
14	including—
15	(A) a description of any additional nuclear
16	facilities and nuclear materials that the Govern-
17	ment of India has placed or intends to place
18	under IAEA safeguards;
19	(B) a comprehensive listing of—
20	(i) all licenses that have been ap-
21	proved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commis-
22	sion and the Secretary of Energy for ex-
23	ports and reexports to India under parts
24	110 and 810 of title 10, Code of Federal
25	Regulations;

1	(ii) any licenses approved by the De-
2	partment of Commerce for the export or
3	reexport to India of commodities, related
4	technology, and software which are con-
5	trolled for nuclear nonproliferation reasons
6	on the Nuclear Referral List of the Com-
7	merce Control List maintained under part
8	774 of title 15, Code of Federal Regula-
9	tion, or any successor regulation;
10	(iii) any other United States author-
11	izations for the export or reexport to India
12	of nuclear materials and equipment; and
13	(iv) with respect to each such license
14	or other form of authorization described in
15	clauses (i), (ii), and (iii)—
16	(I) the number or other identi-
17	fying information of each license or
18	authorization;
19	(II) the name or names of the
20	authorized end user or end users;
21	(III) the name of the site, facil-
22	ity, or location in India to which the
23	export or reexport was made;

1	(IV) the terms and conditions in-
2	cluded on such licenses and authoriza-
3	tions;
4	(V) any post-shipment
5	verification procedures that will be ap-
6	plied to such exports or reexports; and
7	(VI) the term of validity of each
8	such license or authorization;
9	(C) a description of any significant nuclear
10	commerce between India and other countries,
11	including any such trade that—
12	(i) is not consistent with applicable
13	guidelines or decisions of the NSG; or
14	(ii) would not meet the standards ap-
15	plied to exports or reexports of such mate-
16	rial, equipment, or technology of United
17	States origin;
18	(D) either—
19	(i) an assessment that India is in full
20	compliance with the commitments and obli-
21	gations contained in the agreements and
22	other documents referenced in clauses (i)
23	through (vi) of paragraph (1)(A); or
24	(ii) an identification and analysis of
25	all compliance issues arising with regard to

1	the adherence by India to its commitments
2	and obligations, including—
3	(I) the measures the United
4	States Government has taken to rem-
5	edy or otherwise respond to such com-
6	pliance issues;
7	(II) the responses of the Govern-
8	ment of India to such measures;
9	(III) the measures the United
10	States Government plans to take to
11	this end in the coming year; and
12	(IV) an assessment of the impli-
13	cations of any continued noncompli-
14	ance, including whether nuclear com-
15	merce with India remains in the na-
16	tional security interest of the United
17	States;
18	(E)(i) an assessment of whether India is
19	fully and actively participating in United States
20	and international efforts to dissuade, isolate,
21	and, if necessary, sanction and contain Iran for
22	its efforts to acquire weapons of mass destruc-
23	tion, including a nuclear weapons capability (in-
24	cluding the capability to enrich uranium or re-
25	process nuclear fuel), and the means to deliver

1	weapons of mass destruction, including a de-
2	scription of the specific measures that India has
3	taken in this regard; and
4	(ii) if India is not assessed to be fully and
5	actively participating in such efforts, a descrip-
6	tion of—
7	(I) the measures the United States
8	Government has taken to secure India's
9	full and active participation in such efforts;
10	(II) the responses of the Government
11	of India to such measures; and
12	(III) the measures the United States
13	Government plans to take in the coming
14	year to secure India's full and active par-
15	ticipation;
16	(F) an analysis of whether United States
17	civil nuclear cooperation with India is in any
18	way assisting India's nuclear weapons program,
19	including through—
20	(i) the use of any United States
21	equipment, technology, or nuclear material
22	by India in an unsafeguarded nuclear facil-
23	ity or nuclear-weapons related complex;
24	(ii) the replication and subsequent use
25	of any United States technology by India

1	in an unsafeguarded nuclear facility or
2	unsafeguarded nuclear weapons-related
3	complex, or for any activity related to the
4	research, development, testing, or manu-
5	facture of nuclear explosive devices; and
6	(iii) the provision of nuclear fuel in
7	such a manner as to facilitate the in-
8	creased production by India of highly en-
9	riched uranium or plutonium in
10	unsafeguarded nuclear facilities;
11	(G) a detailed description of—
12	(i) United States efforts to promote
13	national or regional progress by India and
14	Pakistan in disclosing, securing, limiting,
15	and reducing their fissile material stock-
16	piles, including stockpiles for military pur-
17	poses, pending creation of a worldwide
18	fissile material cut-off regime, including
19	the institution of a Fissile Material Cut-off
20	Treaty;
21	(ii) the responses of India and Paki-
22	stan to such efforts; and
23	(iii) assistance that the United States
24	is providing, or would be able to provide,
25	to India and Pakistan to promote the ob-

1	jectives in clause (i), consistent with its ob-
2	ligations under international law and exist-
3	ing agreements;
4	(H) an estimate of—
5	(i) the amount of uranium mined and
6	milled in India during the previous year;
7	(ii) the amount of such uranium that
8	has likely been used or allocated for the
9	production of nuclear explosive devices;
10	and
11	(iii) the rate of production in India
12	of—
13	(I) fissile material for nuclear ex-
14	plosive devices; and
15	(II) nuclear explosive devices;
16	(I) an estimate of the amount of electricity
17	India's nuclear reactors produced for civil pur-
18	poses during the previous year and the propor-
19	tion of such production that can be attributed
20	to India's declared civil reactors;
21	(J) an analysis as to whether imported
22	uranium has affected the rate of production in
23	India of nuclear explosive devices;

1	(K) a detailed description of efforts and
2	progress made toward the achievement of In-
3	dia's—
4	(i) full participation in the Prolifera-
5	tion Security Initiative;
6	(ii) formal commitment to the State-
7	ment of Interdiction Principles of such Ini-
8	tiative;
9	(iii) public announcement of its deci-
10	sion to conform its export control laws,
11	regulations, and policies with the Australia
12	Group and with the Guidelines, Proce-
13	dures, Criteria, and Controls List of the
14	Wassenaar Arrangement; and
15	(iv) effective implementation of the
16	decision described in clause (iii); and
17	(L) the disposal during the previous year
18	of spent nuclear fuel from India's civilian nu-
19	clear program, and any plans or activities relat-
20	ing to future disposal of such spent nuclear
21	fuel.
22	(3) SUBMITTAL WITH OTHER ANNUAL RE-
23	PORTS.—
24	(A) Report on proliferation preven-
25	TION.—Each annual report submitted under

24	A determination and any waiver under section 104
23	ERS.
22	SEC. 106. INOPERABILITY OF DETERMINATION AND WAIV-
21	under the NPT.
20	tion in violation of an obligation of the United States
19	Nothing in this title constitutes authority for any ac-
18	NONPROLIFERATION TREATY OBLIGATIONS.
17	SEC. 105. UNITED STATES COMPLIANCE WITH ITS NUCLEAR
16	but may contain a classified annex.
15	subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form,
14	(4) FORM.—Each report submitted under this
13	of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2376(c)).
12	section $620F(c)$ of the Foreign Assistance Act
11	ward regional nonproliferation required under
10	together with the annual report on progress to-
9	(2)(F) after the initial report may be submitted
8	required to be submitted under paragraph
7	GIONAL NONPROLIFERATION.—The information
6	(B) Report on progress toward re-
5	1978 (22 U.S.C. 3281(a)).
4	601(a) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of
3	proliferation prevention required under section
2	submitted together with the annual report on
1	paragraph (2) after the initial report may be

India has detonated a nuclear explosive device after the
 date of the enactment of this title.

3 SEC. 107. MTCR ADHERENT STATUS.

4 Congress finds that India is not an MTCR adherent
5 for the purposes of section 73 of the Arms Export Control
6 Act (22 U.S.C. 2797b).

7 SEC. 108. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.

8 Section 1112(c)(4) of the Arms Control and Non-9 proliferation Act of 1999 (title XI of the Admiral James 10 W. Nance and Meg Donovan Foreign Relations Authoriza-11 tion Act, Fiscal Years 2000 and 2001 (as enacted into 12 law by section 1000(a)(7) of Public Law 106–113 and 13 contained in appendix G of that Act; 113 Stat. 1501A– 14 486)) is amended—

- 15 (1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and"16 after the semicolon at the end;
- 17 (2) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as sub-18 paragraph (D); and
- 19 (3) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the fol-20 lowing new subparagraph:

21 "(C) so much of the reports required under
22 section 104 of the Henry J. Hyde United
23 States-India Peaceful Atomic Energy Coopera24 tion Act of 2006 as relates to verification or
25 compliance matters; and".

1SEC. 109. UNITED STATES-INDIA SCIENTIFIC COOPERATIVE2NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION PROGRAM.

3 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator of the National Nuclear Se-4 5 curity Administration, is authorized to establish a cooperative nuclear nonproliferation program to pursue jointly 6 7 with scientists from the United States and India a pro-8 gram to further common nuclear nonproliferation goals, 9 including scientific research and development efforts, with an emphasis on nuclear safeguards (in this section re-10 ferred to as "the program"). 11

12 (b) CONSULTATION.—The program shall be carried13 out in consultation with the Secretary of State and the14 Secretary of Defense.

15 (c) NATIONAL ACADEMIES RECOMMENDATIONS.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy
17 shall enter into an agreement with the National
18 Academies to develop recommendations for the im19 plementation of the program.

20 (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The agreement en21 tered into under paragraph (1) shall provide for the
22 preparation by qualified individuals with relevant ex23 pertise and knowledge and the communication to the
24 Secretary of Energy each fiscal year of—

25 (A) recommendations for research and re26 lated programs designed to overcome existing

1	technological barriers to nuclear nonprolifera-
2	tion; and
3	(B) an assessment of whether activities
4	and programs funded under this section are
5	achieving the goals of the activities and pro-
6	grams.
7	(3) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The recommenda-
8	tions and assessments prepared under this sub-
9	section shall be made publicly available.
10	(d) Consistency With Nuclear Non-Prolifera-
11	TION TREATY.—All United States activities related to the
12	program shall be consistent with United States obligations
13	under the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty.
14	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
16	necessary to carry out this section for each of fiscal years
17	2007 through 2011.
	2007 through 2011. SEC. 110. DEFINITIONS.
18	SEC. 110. DEFINITIONS.
18 19	SEC. 110. DEFINITIONS. In this title:
18 19 20	SEC. 110. DEFINITIONS. In this title: (1) The term "Additional Protocol" means a
18 19 20 21	SEC. 110. DEFINITIONS. In this title: (1) The term "Additional Protocol" means a protocol additional to a safeguards agreement with

1 (2) The term "appropriate congressional com-2 mittees" means the Committee on Foreign Relations 3 of the Senate and the Committee on International 4 Relations of the House of Representatives. (3) The term "dual-use material, equipment, or 5 6 technology" means material, equipment, or tech-7 nology that may be used in nuclear or nonnuclear 8 applications. 9 (4) The term "IAEA safeguards" has the 10 meaning given the term in section 830(3) of the Nu-11 clear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6305(3)). 12 13 (5) The term "Indian person" means— 14 (A) a natural person that is a citizen of 15 India or is subject to the jurisdiction of the 16 Government of India; 17 (B) a corporation, business association, 18 partnership, society, trust, or any other non-19 governmental entity, organization, or group, 20 that is organized under the laws of India or has 21 its principal place of business in India; and (C) any Indian governmental entity, in-22 23 cluding any governmental entity operating as a 24 business enterprise.

(6) The terms "Missile Technology Control Re gime", "MTCR", and "MTCR adherent" have the
 meanings given the terms in section 74 of the Arms
 Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2797c).

5 (7) The term "nuclear materials and equip-6 ment" means source material, special nuclear mate-7 rial, production and utilization facilities and any 8 components thereof, and any other items or mate-9 rials that are determined to have significance for nu-10 clear explosive purposes pursuant to subsection 109 11 b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 12 2139(b)).

(8) The terms "Nuclear Non-Proliferation
Treaty" and "NPT" mean the Treaty on the NonProliferation of Nuclear Weapons, done at Washington, London, and Moscow July 1, 1968, and entered into force March 5, 1970 (21 UST 483).

18 (9) The terms "Nuclear Suppliers Group" and 19 "NSG" refer to a group, which met initially in 1975 20 and has met at least annually since 1992, of Partici-21 pating Governments that have promulgated and 22 agreed to adhere to Guidelines for Nuclear Trans-23 fers (currently IAEA INFCIRC/254/Rev.8/Part 1) 24 and Guidelines for Transfers of Nuclear-Related 25 Dual-Use Equipment, Materials, Software, and Re-

1	lated Technology	(currently	IAEA	INFCIRC/254/
2	Rev.7/Part 2).			

(10) The terms "nuclear weapon" and "nuclear
explosive device" mean any device designed to
produce an instantaneous release of an amount of
nuclear energy from special nuclear material that is
greater than the amount of energy that would be released from the detonation of one point of trinitrotoluene (TNT).

10 (11) The term "process" includes the term "re-11 process".

(12) The terms "reprocessing" and "reprocess"
refer to the separation of irradiated nuclear materials and fission products from spent nuclear fuel.

15 (13) The term "sensitive nuclear technology" 16 means any information, including information incor-17 porated in a production or utilization facility or im-18 portant component part thereof, that is not available 19 to the public and which is important to the design, 20 construction, fabrication, operation, or maintenance 21 of a uranium enrichment or nuclear fuel reprocess-22 ing facility or a facility for the production of heavy 23 water.

1	(14) The term "source material" has the mean-
2	ing given the term in section 11 z. of the Atomic
3	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(z)).
4	(15) The term "special nuclear material" has
5	the meaning given the term in section 11 aa. of the
6	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(aa)).
7	(16) The term "unsafeguarded nuclear fuel-
8	cycle activity" means research on, or development,
9	design, manufacture, construction, operation, or
10	maintenance of—
11	(A) any existing or future reactor, critical
12	facility, conversion plant, fabrication plant, re-
13	processing plant, plant for the separation of iso-
14	topes of source or special fissionable material,
15	or separate storage installation with respect to
16	which there is no obligation to accept IAEA
17	safeguards at the relevant reactor, facility,
18	plant, or installation that contains source or
19	special fissionable material; or
20	(B) any existing or future heavy water pro-
21	duction plant with respect to which there is no
22	obligation to accept IAEA safeguards on any
23	nuclear material produced by or used in connec-
24	tion with any heavy water produced therefrom.

TITLE II—UNITED STATES ADDI TIONAL PROTOCOL IMPLE MENTATION

4 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

5 This title may be cited as the "United States Addi-6 tional Protocol Implementation Act".

7 SEC. 202. FINDINGS.

8 Congress makes the following findings:

9 (1) The proliferation of nuclear weapons and
10 other nuclear explosive devices poses a grave threat
11 to the national security of the United States and its
12 vital national interests.

13 (2) The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty has14 proven critical to limiting such proliferation.

15 (3) For the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty
16 to be effective, each of the non-nuclear-weapon State
17 Parties must conclude a comprehensive safeguards
18 agreement with the IAEA, and such agreements
19 must be honored and enforced.

(4) Recent events emphasize the urgency of
strengthening the effectiveness and improving the efficiency of the safeguards system. This can best be
accomplished by providing IAEA inspectors with
more information about, and broader access to, nu-

clear activities within the territory of non-nuclear weapon State Parties.

3 (5) The proposed scope of such expanded infor-4 mation and access has been negotiated by the mem-5 ber states of the IAEA in the form of a Model Addi-6 tional Protocol to its existing safeguards agreements, 7 and universal acceptance of Additional Protocols by 8 non-nuclear weapons states is essential to enhancing 9 the effectiveness of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation 10 Treaty.

11 (6) On June 12, 1998, the United States, as a 12 nuclear-weapon State Party, signed an Additional 13 Protocol that is based on the Model Additional Pro-14 tocol, but which also contains measures, consistent 15 with its existing safeguards agreements with its 16 members, that protect the right of the United States 17 to exclude the application of IAEA safeguards to lo-18 cations and activities with direct national security 19 significance or to locations or information associated 20 with such activities.

(7) Implementation of the Additional Protocol
in the United States in a manner consistent with
United States obligations under the Nuclear NonProliferation Treaty may encourage other parties to
the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, especially

non-nuclear-weapon State Parties, to conclude Addi tional Protocols and thereby strengthen the Nuclear
 Non-Proliferation Treaty safeguards system and
 help reduce the threat of nuclear proliferation, which
 is of direct and substantial benefit to the United
 States.

7 (8) Implementation of the Additional Protocol 8 by the United States is not required and is com-9 pletely voluntary given its status as a nuclear-weap-10 on State Party, but the United States has acceded 11 to the Additional Protocol to demonstrate its com-12 mitment to the nuclear nonproliferation regime and 13 to make United States civil nuclear activities avail-14 able to the same IAEA inspections as are applied in 15 the case of non-nuclear-weapon State Parties.

(9) In accordance with the national security exclusion contained in Article 1.b of its Additional
Protocol, the United States will not allow any inspection activities, nor make any declaration of any
information with respect to, locations, information,
and activities of direct national security significance
to the United States.

(10) Implementation of the Additional Protocol
will conform to the principles set forth in the letter
of April 30, 2002, from the United States Perma-

nent Representative to the International Atomic En ergy Agency and the Vienna Office of the United
 Nations to the Director General of the International
 Atomic Energy Agency.

5 SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

6 In this title:

7 (1) ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL.—The term "Addi-8 tional Protocol", when used in the singular form, 9 means the Protocol Additional to the Agreement be-10 tween the United States of America and the Inter-11 national Atomic Energy Agency for the Application 12 of Safeguards in the United States of America, with 13 Annexes, signed at Vienna June 12, 1998 (T. Doc. 14 107 - 7).

15 (2)APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-16 17 mittees" means the Committee on Armed Services, 18 the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Com-19 mittee on Appropriations of the Senate and the 20 Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on 21 International Relations, the Committee on Science, 22 and the Committee on Appropriations of the House 23 of Representatives.

24 (3) COMPLEMENTARY ACCESS.—The term
25 "complementary access" means the exercise of the

1	IAEA's access rights as set forth in Articles 4 to 6
2	of the Additional Protocol.
3	(4) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "executive
4	agency" has the meaning given such term in section
5	105 of title 5, United States Code.
6	(5) FACILITY.—The term "facility" has the
7	meaning set forth in Article 18i. of the Additional
8	Protocol.
9	(6) IAEA.—The term "IAEA" means the
10	International Atomic Energy Agency.
11	(7) Judge of the united states.—The term
12	"judge of the United States" means a United States
13	district judge, or a United States magistrate judge
14	appointed under the authority of chapter 43 of title
15	28, United States Code.
16	(8) LOCATION.—The term "location" means
17	any geographic point or area declared or identified
18	by the United States or specified by the Inter-
19	national Atomic Energy Agency.
20	(9) NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY.—
21	The term "Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty"
22	means the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nu-
23	clear Weapons, done at Washington, London, and
24	Moscow July 1, 1968, and entered into force March
25	5, 1970 (21 UST 483).

(10) NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATE PARTY AND
 NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATE PARTY.—The terms
 "nuclear-weapon State Party" and "non-nuclear weapon State Party" have the meanings given such
 terms in the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty.

6 (11) PERSON.—The term "person", except as 7 otherwise provided, means any individual, corpora-8 tion, partnership, firm, association, trust, estate, 9 public or private institution, any State or any polit-10 ical subdivision thereof, or any political entity within 11 a State, any foreign government or nation or any 12 agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision of any such government or nation, or other entity lo-13 14 cated in the United States.

(12) SITE.—The term "site" has the meaning 15 16 set forth in Article 18b. of the Additional Protocol. 17 UNITED STATES.—The term "United (13)18 States", when used as a geographic reference, means 19 the several States of the United States, the District 20 of Columbia, and the commonwealths, territories, and possessions of the United States and includes all 21 22 places under the jurisdiction or control of the United 23 States, including—

24 (A) the territorial sea and the overlying25 airspace;

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(B) any civil aircraft of the United States
 or public aircraft, as such terms are defined in
 paragraphs (17) and (41), respectively, of sec tion 40102(a) of title 49, United States Code;
 and

6 (C) any vessel of the United States, as
7 such term is defined in section 3(b) of the Mar8 itime Drug Law Enforcement Act (46 U.S.C.
9 App. 1903(b)).

10 (14) WIDE-AREA ENVIRONMENTAL SAM11 PLING.—The term "wide-area environmental sam12 pling" has the meaning set forth in Article 18g. of
13 the Additional Protocol.

14 SEC. 204. SEVERABILITY.

15 If any provision of this title, or the application of 16 such provision to any person or circumstance, is held in-17 valid, the remainder of this title, or the application of such 18 provision to persons or circumstances other than those as 19 to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby.

20 Subtitle A—General Provisions

21 SEC. 211. AUTHORITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President is authorized to
implement and carry out the provisions of this title and
the Additional Protocol and shall designate through Executive order which executive agency or agencies of the

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United States, which may include but are not limited to
 the Department of State, the Department of Defense, the
 Department of Justice, the Department of Commerce, the
 Department of Energy, and the Nuclear Regulatory Com mission, shall issue or amend and enforce regulations in
 order to implement this title and the provisions of the Ad ditional Protocol.

8 (b) INCLUDED AUTHORITY.—For any executive agen-9 cy designated under subsection (a) that does not currently 10 possess the authority to conduct site vulnerability assess-11 ments and related activities, the authority provided in sub-12 section (a) includes such authority.

(c) EXCEPTION.—The authority described in subsection (b) does not supersede or otherwise modify any
existing authority of any Federal department or agency
already having such authority.

17 Subtitle B—Complementary Access

18 SEC. 221. REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT

19

COMPLEMENTARY ACCESS.

(a) PROHIBITION.—No complementary access to any
location in the United States shall take place pursuant to
the Additional Protocol without the authorization of the
United States Government in accordance with the requirements of this title.

25 (b) Authority.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Complementary access to
 any location in the United States subject to access
 under the Additional Protocol is authorized in ac cordance with this title.

5 (2) UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES.—

6 (A) RESTRICTIONS.—In the event of com-7 plementary access to a privately owned or oper-8 ated location, no employee of the Environ-9 mental Protection Agency or of the Mine Safety 10 and Health Administration or the Occupational 11 Safety and Health Administration of the De-12 partment of Labor may participate in the ac-13 cess.

14 (B) NUMBER.—The number of designated
15 United States representatives accompanying
16 IAEA inspectors shall be kept to the minimum
17 necessary.

18 SEC. 222. PROCEDURES FOR COMPLEMENTARY ACCESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Each instance of complementary
access to a location in the United States under the Additional Protocol shall be conducted in accordance with this
subtitle.

23 (b) NOTICE.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Complementary access re25 ferred to in subsection (a) may occur only upon the

1	issuance of an actual written notice by the United
2	States Government to the owner, operator, occupant,
3	or agent in charge of the location to be subject to
4	complementary access.
5	(2) TIME OF NOTIFICATION.—The notice under
6	paragraph (1) shall be submitted to such owner, op-
7	erator, occupant, or agent as soon as possible after
8	the United States Government has received notifica-
9	tion that the IAEA seeks complementary access. No-
10	tices may be posted prominently at the location if
11	the United States Government is unable to provide
12	actual written notice to such owner, operator, occu-
13	pant, or agent.
14	(3) Content of notice.—
14 15	(3) CONTENT OF NOTICE.—(A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by
15 16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall specify—
15 16 17	(A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall specify—(i) the purpose for the complementary
15 16 17 18	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall specify— (i) the purpose for the complementary access;
15 16 17 18 19	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall specify— (i) the purpose for the complementary access; (ii) the basis for the selection of the
15 16 17 18 19 20	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall specify— (i) the purpose for the complementary access; (ii) the basis for the selection of the facility, site, or other location for the com-
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall specify— (i) the purpose for the complementary access; (ii) the basis for the selection of the facility, site, or other location for the complementary access sought;
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall specify— (i) the purpose for the complementary access; (ii) the basis for the selection of the facility, site, or other location for the complementary access sought; (iii) the activities that will be carried

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1	the anticipated period covered by the com-
2	plementary access; and
3	(v) the names and titles of the inspec-
4	tors.
5	(4) Separate notices required.—A sepa-
6	rate notice shall be provided each time that com-
7	plementary access is sought by the IAEA.
8	(c) CREDENTIALS.—The complementary access team
9	of the IAEA and representatives or designees of the
10	United States Government shall display appropriate iden-
11	tifying credentials to the owner, operator, occupant, or
12	agent in charge of the location before gaining entry in con-
13	nection with complementary access.
14	(d) Scope.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in a war-
16	rant issued under section 223, and subject to the
17	rights of the United States Government under the
18	Additional Protocol to limit complementary access,
19	complementary access to a location pursuant to this
20	title may extend to all activities specifically per-
21	mitted for such locations under Article 6 of the Ad-
22	ditional Protocol.
23	(2) EXCEPTION.—Unless required by the Addi-
24	tional Protocol, no inspection under this title shall
25	extend to—

1	(A) financial data (other than production
2	data);
3	(B) sales and marketing data (other than
4	shipment data);
5	(C) pricing data;
6	(D) personnel data;
7	(E) patent data;
8	(F) data maintained for compliance with
9	environmental or occupational health and safety
10	regulations; or
11	(G) research data.
12	(e) Environment, Health, Safety, and Secu-
13	RITY.—In carrying out their activities, members of the
14	IAEA complementary access team and representatives or
15	designees of the United States Government shall observe
16	applicable environmental, health, safety, and security reg-
17	ulations established at the location subject to complemen-
18	tary access, including those for protection of controlled en-
19	vironments within a facility and for personal safety.
20	SEC. 223. CONSENTS, WARRANTS, AND COMPLEMENTARY
21	ACCESS.
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—
23	(1) PROCEDURE.—
24	(A) CONSENT.—Except as provided in
25	paragraph (2), an appropriate official of the

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United States Government shall seek or have 2 the consent of the owner, operator, occupant, or 3 agent in charge of a location prior to entering 4 that location in connection with complementary access pursuant to sections 221 and 222. The 6 owner, operator, occupant, or agent in charge of the location may withhold consent for any rea-8 son or no reason.

9 (B) Administrative SEARCH WAR-10 RANT.—In the absence of consent, the United 11 States Government may seek an administrative 12 search warrant from a judge of the United 13 States under subsection (b). Proceedings re-14 garding the issuance of an administrative 15 search warrant shall be conducted ex parte, un-16 less otherwise requested by the United States 17 Government.

18 (2) EXPEDITED ACCESS.—For purposes of ob-19 taining access to a location pursuant to Article 20 4b.(ii) of the Additional Protocol in order to satisfy 21 United States obligations under the Additional Pro-22 tocol when notice of two hours or less is required, 23 the United States Government may gain entry to 24 such location in connection with complementary ac-25 cess, to the extent such access is consistent with the

Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitu tion, without obtaining either a warrant or consent.
 (b) ADMINISTRATIVE SEARCH WARRANTS FOR COM PLEMENTARY ACCESS.—

5 (1) Obtaining administrative search war-6 RANTS.—For complementary access conducted in the 7 United States pursuant to the Additional Protocol, 8 and for which the acquisition of a warrant is re-9 quired, the United States Government shall first ob-10 tain an administrative search warrant from a judge 11 of the United States. The United States Government 12 shall provide to such judge all appropriate informa-13 tion regarding the basis for the selection of the facil-14 ity, site, or other location to which complementary 15 access is sought.

16 (2) CONTENT OF AFFIDAVITS FOR ADMINISTRA17 TIVE SEARCH WARRANTS.—A judge of the United
18 States shall promptly issue an administrative search
19 warrant authorizing the requested complementary
20 access upon an affidavit submitted by the United
21 States Government—

22 (A) stating that the Additional Protocol is23 in force;

1	(B) stating that the designated facility,
2	site, or other location is subject to complemen-
3	tary access under the Additional Protocol;
4	(C) stating that the purpose of the com-
5	plementary access is consistent with Article 4 of
6	the Additional Protocol;
7	(D) stating that the requested complemen-
8	tary access is in accordance with Article 4 of
9	the Additional Protocol;
10	(E) containing assurances that the scope
11	of the IAEA's complementary access, as well as
12	what it may collect, shall be limited to the ac-
13	cess provided for in Article 6 of the Additional
14	Protocol;
15	(F) listing the items, documents, and areas
16	to be searched and seized;
17	(G) stating the earliest commencement and
18	the anticipated duration of the complementary
19	access period, as well as the expected times of
20	day during which such complementary access
21	will take place; and
22	(H) stating that the location to which
23	entry in connection with complementary access
24	is sought was selected either—

1	(i) because there is probable cause, on
2	the basis of specific evidence, to believe
3	that information required to be reported
4	regarding a location pursuant to regula-
5	tions promulgated under this title is incor-
6	rect or incomplete, and that the location to
7	be accessed contains evidence regarding
8	that violation; or
9	(ii) pursuant to a reasonable general
10	administrative plan based upon specific
11	neutral criteria.
12	(3) Content of Warrants.—A warrant
13	issued under paragraph (2) shall specify the same
14	matters required of an affidavit under that para-
15	graph. In addition, each warrant shall contain the
16	identities of the representatives of the IAEA on the
17	complementary access team and the identities of the
18	representatives or designees of the United States
19	Government required to display identifying creden-
20	tials under section 222(c).
21	SEC. 224. PROHIBITED ACTS RELATING TO COMPLEMEN-
22	TARY ACCESS.
23	It shall be unlawful for any person willfully to fail
24	or refuse to permit, or to disrupt, delay, or otherwise im-

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pede, a complementary access authorized by this subtitle
 or an entry in connection with such access.

3 Subtitle C—Confidentiality of 4 Information

5 SEC. 231. PROTECTION OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMA-

TION.

7 Information reported to, or otherwise acquired by, the
8 United States Government under this title or under the
9 Additional Protocol shall be exempt from disclosure under
10 section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

11 Subtitle D—Enforcement

12 SEC. 241. RECORDKEEPING VIOLATIONS.

13 It shall be unlawful for any person willfully to fail14 or refuse—

15 (1) to establish or maintain any record required16 by any regulation prescribed under this title;

17 (2) to submit any report, notice, or other infor18 mation to the United States Government in accord19 ance with any regulation prescribed under this title;
20 or

(3) to permit access to or copying of any record
by the United States Government in accordance with
any regulation prescribed under this title.

24 SEC. 242. PENALTIES.

25 (a) CIVIL.—

1	(1) PENALTY AMOUNTS.—Any person that is
2	determined, in accordance with paragraph (2), to
2	have violated section 224 or section 241 shall be re-
4	
	quired by order to pay a civil penalty in an amount
5	not to exceed \$25,000 for each violation. For the
6	purposes of this paragraph, each day during which
7	a violation of section 224 continues shall constitute
8	a separate violation of that section.
9	(2) Notice and hearing.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—Before imposing a pen-
11	alty against a person under paragraph (1), the
12	head of an executive agency designated under
13	section 211(a) shall provide the person with no-
14	tice of the order. If, within 15 days after receiv-
15	ing the notice, the person requests a hearing,
16	the head of the designated executive agency
17	shall initiate a hearing on the violation.
18	(B) CONDUCT OF HEARING.—Any hearing
19	so requested shall be conducted before an ad-
20	ministrative judge. The hearing shall be con-
21	ducted in accordance with the requirements of
22	section 554 of title 5, United States Code. If no
23	hearing is so requested, the order imposed by
24	the head of the designated agency shall con-
25	stitute a final agency action.

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(C) ISSUANCE OF ORDERS.—If the administrative judge determines, upon the preponderance of the evidence received, that a person named in the complaint has violated section 224 or section 241, the administrative judge shall state the findings of fact and conclusions of law, and issue and serve on such person an order described in paragraph (1).

9 (D) FACTORS FOR DETERMINATION OF 10 PENALTY AMOUNTS.—In determining the 11 amount of any civil penalty, the administrative 12 judge or the head of the designated agency 13 shall take into account the nature, cir-14 cumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation 15 or violations and, with respect to the violator, 16 the ability to pay, effect on ability to continue 17 to do business, any history of such violations, 18 the degree of culpability, the existence of an in-19 ternal compliance program, and such other 20 matters as justice may require.

(E) CONTENT OF NOTICE.—For the purposes of this paragraph, notice shall be in writing and shall be verifiably served upon the person or persons subject to an order described in
paragraph (1). In addition, the notice shall—

1	(i) set forth the time, date, and spe-
2	cific nature of the alleged violation or vio-
3	lations; and
4	(ii) specify the administrative and ju-
5	dicial remedies available to the person or
6	persons subject to the order, including the
7	availability of a hearing and subsequent
8	appeal.
9	(3) Administrative appellate review.—
10	The decision and order of an administrative judge
11	shall be the recommended decision and order and
12	shall be referred to the head of the designated exec-
13	utive agency for final decision and order. If, within
14	60 days, the head of the designated executive agency
15	does not modify or vacate the decision and order, it
16	shall become a final agency action under this sub-
17	section.
18	(4) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—A person adversely af-
19	fected by a final order may, within 30 days after the
20	date the final order is issued, file a petition in the
21	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Cir-
22	cuit or in the Court of Appeals for the district in
23	which the violation occurred.
24	(5) Enforcement of final orders.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—If a person fails to
2	comply with a final order issued against such
3	person under this subsection and—
4	(i) the person has not filed a petition
5	for judicial review of the order in accord-
6	ance with paragraph (4), or
7	(ii) a court in an action brought under
8	paragraph (4) has entered a final judg-
9	ment in favor of the designated executive
10	agency,
11	the head of the designated executive agency
12	shall commence a civil action to seek compliance
13	with the final order in any appropriate district
14	court of the United States.
15	(B) NO REVIEW.—In any such civil action,
16	the validity and appropriateness of the final
17	order shall not be subject to review.
18	(C) INTEREST.—Payment of penalties as-
19	sessed in a final order under this section shall
20	include interest at currently prevailing rates
21	calculated from the date of expiration of the 60-
22	day period referred to in paragraph (3) or the
23	date of such final order, as the case may be.
24	(b) CRIMINAL.—Any person who violates section 224
25	or section 241 may, in addition to or in lieu of any civil

penalty which may be imposed under subsection (a) for 1 2 such violation, be fined under title 18, United States Code, 3 imprisoned for not more than five years, or both. SEC. 243. SPECIFIC ENFORCEMENT. 4 5 (a) JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the United 6 States shall have jurisdiction over civil actions brought by 7 the head of an executive agency designated under section 8 211(a)—

9 (1) to restrain any conduct in violation of sec-10 tion 224 or section 241; or

(2) to compel the taking of any action requiredby or under this title or the Additional Protocol.

- 13 (b) CIVIL ACTIONS.—
- 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—A civil action described in
 15 subsection (a) may be brought—

16 (A) in the case of a civil action described
17 in paragraph (1) of such subsection, in the
18 United States district court for the judicial dis19 trict in which any act, omission, or transaction
20 constituting a violation of section 224 or section
21 241 occurred or in which the defendant is
22 found or transacts business; or

(B) in the case of a civil action described
in paragraph (2) of such subsection, in the
United States district court for the judicial dis-

trict in which the defendant is found or trans acts business.

3 (2) SERVICE OF PROCESS.—In any such civil
4 action, process shall be served on a defendant wher5 ever the defendant may reside or may be found.

Subtitle E—Environmental Sampling

8 SEC. 251. NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS OF IAEA BOARD AP-9 PROVAL OF WIDE-AREA ENVIRONMENTAL 10 SAMPLING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the
date on which the Board of Governors of the IAEA approves wide-area environmental sampling for use as a safeguards verification tool, the President shall notify the appropriate congressional committees.

16 (b) CONTENT.—The notification under subsection (a)17 shall contain—

(1) a description of the specific methods and
sampling techniques approved by the Board of Governors that are to be employed for purposes of widearea sampling;

(2) a statement as to whether or not such sampling may be conducted in the United States under
the Additional Protocol; and

(3) an assessment of the ability of the approved
 methods and sampling techniques to detect, identify,
 and determine the conduct, type, and nature of nu clear activities.

5 SEC. 252. APPLICATION OF NATIONAL SECURITY EXCLU6 SION TO WIDE-AREA ENVIRONMENTAL SAM7 PLING.

8 In accordance with Article 1(b) of the Additional Pro-9 tocol, the United States shall not permit any wide-area 10 environmental sampling proposed by the IAEA to be conducted at a specified location in the United States under 11 12 Article 9 of the Additional Protocol unless the President 13 has determined and reported to the appropriate congressional committees with respect to that proposed use of en-14 15 vironmental sampling that—

16 (1) the proposed use of wide-area environmental
17 sampling is necessary to increase the capability of
18 the IAEA to detect undeclared nuclear activities in
19 the territory of a non-nuclear-weapon State Party;

20 (2) the proposed use of wide-area environmental
21 sampling will not result in access by the IAEA to lo22 cations, activities, or information of direct national
23 security significance; and

24 (3) the United States—

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1 (A) has been provided sufficient opportunity for consultation with the IAEA if the 2 3 IAEA has requested complementary access in-4 volving wide-area environmental sampling; or 5 (B) has requested under Article 8 of the 6 Additional Protocol that the IAEA engage in 7 complementary access in the United States that 8 involves the use of wide-area environmental 9 sampling. 10 SEC. 253. APPLICATION OF NATIONAL SECURITY EXCLU-11 SION TO LOCATION-SPECIFIC **ENVIRON-**12 **MENTAL SAMPLING.** 13 In accordance with Article 1(b) of the Additional Protocol, the United States shall not permit any location-spe-14 15 cific environmental sampling in the United States under Article 5 of the Additional Protocol unless the President 16 has determined and reported to the appropriate congres-17 18 sional committees with respect to that proposed use of environmental sampling that— 19 20 (1) the proposed use of location-specific envi-21 ronmental sampling is necessary to increase the ca-22 pability of the IAEA to detect undeclared nuclear 23 activities in the territory of a non-nuclear-weapon

24 State Party;

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1	(2) the proposed use of location-specific envi-
2	ronmental sampling will not result in access by the
3	IAEA to locations, activities, or information of direct
4	national security significance; and
5	(3) with respect to the proposed use of environ-
6	mental sampling, the United States—
7	(A) has been provided sufficient oppor-
8	tunity for consultation with the IAEA if the
9	IAEA has requested complementary access in-
10	volving location-specific environmental sam-
11	pling; or
12	(B) has requested under Article 8 of the
13	Additional Protocol that the IAEA engage in
14	complementary access in the United States that
15	involves the use of location-specific environ-
16	mental sampling.
17	SEC. 254. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

As used in this subtitle, the term "necessary to inrease the capability of the IAEA to detect undeclared nuclear activities in the territory of a non-nuclear-weapon State Party" shall not be construed to encompass proposed uses of environmental sampling that might assist the IAEA in detecting undeclared nuclear activities in the territory of a non-nuclear-weapon State Party by—

(1) setting a good example of cooperation in the
 conduct of such sampling; or

3 (2) facilitating the formation of a political con4 sensus or political support for such sampling in the
5 territory of a non-nuclear-weapon State Party.

6 Subtitle F—Protection of National 7 Security Information and Activities

8 SEC. 261. PROTECTION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION.

9 (a) LOCATIONS AND FACILITIES OF DIRECT NA10 TIONAL SECURITY SIGNIFICANCE.—No current or former
11 Department of Defense or Department of Energy location,
12 site, or facility of direct national security significance shall
13 be declared or be subject to IAEA inspection under the
14 Additional Protocol.

(b) INFORMATION OF DIRECT NATIONAL SECURITY
SIGNIFICANCE.—No information of direct national security significance regarding any location, site, or facility associated with activities of the Department of Defense or
the Department of Energy shall be provided under the Additional Protocol.

(c) RESTRICTED DATA.—Nothing in this title shall
be construed to permit the communication or disclosure
to the IAEA or IAEA employees of restricted data controlled by the provisions of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954
(42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), including in particular "Re-

stricted Data" as defined under paragraph (1) of section
 11 y. of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2014(y)).

3 (d) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—Nothing in this Act
4 shall be construed to permit the communication or disclo5 sure to the IAEA or IAEA employees of national security
6 information and other classified information.

7 SEC. 262. IAEA INSPECTIONS AND VISITS.

8 (a) CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS PROHIBITED FROM OB-9 TAINING ACCESS.—No national of a country designated 10 by the Secretary of State under section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371) as a govern-11 ment supporting acts of international terrorism shall be 12 13 permitted access to the United States to carry out an inspection activity under the Additional Protocol or a related 14 15 safeguards agreement.

(b) PRESENCE OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
PERSONNEL.—IAEA inspectors shall be accompanied at
all times by United States Government personnel when inspecting sites, locations, facilities, or activities in the
United States under the Additional Protocol.

(c) VULNERABILITY AND RELATED ASSESSMENTS.—
The President shall conduct vulnerability, counterintelligence, and related assessments not less than every 5
years to ensure that information of direct national security
significance remains protected at all sites, locations, facili-

ties, and activities in the United States that are subject
 to IAEA inspection under the Additional Protocol.

Subtitle G—Reports

4 SEC. 271. REPORT ON INITIAL UNITED STATES DECLARA-

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TION.

6 Not later than 60 days before submitting the initial 7 United States declaration to the IAEA under the Addi-8 tional Protocol, the President shall submit to Congress a 9 list of the sites, locations, facilities, and activities in the 10 United States that the President intends to declare to the 11 IAEA, and a report thereon.

12 SEC. 272. REPORT ON REVISIONS TO INITIAL UNITED13STATES DECLARATION.

14 Not later than 60 days before submitting to the 15 IAEA any revisions to the United States declaration sub-16 mitted under the Additional Protocol, the President shall 17 submit to Congress a list of any sites, locations, facilities, 18 or activities in the United States that the President in-19 tends to add to or remove from the declaration, and a re-20 port thereon.

21 SEC. 273. CONTENT OF REPORTS ON UNITED STATES DEC-

22 LARATIONS.

23 The reports required under section 271 and section24 272 shall present the reasons for each site, location, facil-

ity, and activity being declared or being removed from the
 declaration list and shall certify that—

3 (1) each site, location, facility, and activity in4 cluded in the list has been examined by each agency
5 with national security equities with respect to such
6 site, location, facility, or activity; and

7 (2) appropriate measures have been taken to
8 ensure that information of direct national security
9 significance will not be compromised at any such
10 site, location, facility, or activity in connection with
11 an IAEA inspection.

12 SEC. 274. REPORT ON EFFORTS TO PROMOTE THE IMPLE-13 MENTATION OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOLS.

14 Not later than 180 days after the entry into force
15 of the Additional Protocol, the President shall submit to
16 the appropriate congressional committees a report on—

(1) measures that have been or should be taken
to achieve the adoption of additional protocols to existing safeguards agreements signed by non-nuclearweapon State Parties; and

(2) assistance that has been or should be provided by the United States to the IAEA in order to
promote the effective implementation of additional
protocols to existing safeguards agreements signed
by non-nuclear-weapon State Parties and the

verification of the compliance of such parties with
 IAEA obligations, with a plan for providing any
 needed additional funding.

4 SEC. 275. NOTICE OF IAEA NOTIFICATIONS.

5 The President shall notify Congress of any notifica6 tions issued by the IAEA to the United States under Arti7 cle 10 of the Additional Protocol.

8 Subtitle H—Authorization of 9 Appropriations

10 SEC. 281. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

11 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums12 as may be necessary to carry out this title.